

Unit1 CULTURE HERITAGE listening and Talking

班级_____ 姓名_____ 小组_____

一、学习目标

1. Enable students to practise listening for the main idea and details.
2. Acquire some main information of the Kremlin, Red Square and St. Basil's Cathedral.
3. Explore the language structures of how to start the history and culture of a certain place.
4. Use the relative words and phrases to talk about the history and culture of a certain place.

二、重点、难点

1. Use listening strategy to get the content of the listening materials.
2. Pay attention to the functional sentences to start a conversation.
3. How to analyze the similarities and differences of the Kremlin and the Palace of Museum in Beijing.
4. How to effectively use the functional sentences to start a conversation about a new cultural site.

三、导学流程

基础感悟（导学导读）：

I.基础词准确填写

- 1、sheet_____
- 2、parade_____
- 3、mirror_____
- 4、roof_____
- 5、chiwen_____
- 6、dragon_____
- 7、forgive_____
- 8、donate_____
- 9、Dragon Boat Race: _____
- 10、Dragon Boat Festival Celebration _____

II 填空

- 1、They stood as straight as soldiers _____ parades.
- 2、I' ll never forgive her _____ what she did.
- 3、They should _____ (捐赠) at the registration point.
- 4、You need to know that every time you donate clothes, books or toys _____ a charity shop, you are helping people.

（二）未知探究：

详情见 PPT

（三） 当堂检测：

Part I.单词拼写

单词拼写

1. People still have different _____ (观点) on whether students can bring cell phones to school.
2. The school leaders should attach importance to these important _____ (问题).
3. As far as I am concerned, of the two designs, the latter is far more practical than the _____ (前者).
4. She 's got lots of good _____ (品质), so her classmates all like her.
5. The suitcase was half open and there were some _____ (文件) and a camera in it.
6. Failure can make positive _____ (贡献) to your life once you learn to make use of it.
7. As an important part of our country 's cultural _____ (遗产), Chinese tea has various kinds and flavors.
8. My mom has taught me many very important life lessons _____ (贯穿) my life.
9. We are going to try some new methods to _____ (推销) the new products.
10. Many students could _____ (确认) him by his signature.

(四) 课后练习:

Part II 提高部分

维度 1 单句语法填空

单句语法填空

1. I think he should _____ (forgive) for the mistake, which didn't cause much loss.
2. It couldn't be better if you could offer me some _____ (propose).
3. The AI industry in Australia is very small in _____ (compare) with the rest of the world.
4. I have learned a great deal from working with him and all the other _____ (create) artists.
5. When we are shopping online, we should keep wise to prevent ourselves from _____ (cheat).
6. The _____ (lose) of time can never be made up.
7. Because of the _____ (apply) of this medical technology, some diseases can be treated at an early stage.
8. Taking part in after-class activities _____ (make) our school life colourful.
9. Perhaps the best example is shown by UNESCO which runs a program that prevent world cultural heritage sites around the world from _____ (disappear)
10. Today, the caves are just as international _____ they were at the time when people travelled the Silk Road.
11. With so much homework to do, his playtime is now _____ (limit).

维度 2 语篇语法填空

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Jingxi Taiping Drum is a traditional form of dancing. With its display of profound cultural elements, it ____1____ (include) in the first batch (批次) of China's national intangible cultural heritage (非物质文化遗产) items in 2006.

The ____2____ (early) historical references of this art date back to the Spring and Autumn Period. At the beginning of the Qing Dynasty, it started to gain ____3____ (popular) in and around the capital, and then it was introduced to Mentougou District of Beijing.

In ancient times, the drums were played ____4____ New Year's Eve at the imperial palace to bring peace. As a result, the performance also became known as the "New Year Drum" by Beijingers. This type of drum dance is commonly seen ____5____ (perform) during the last and first month of the lunar year in many local festive activities, thus expressing ____6____ (people) hope of a peaceful and prosperous year to come.

During a given performance, drummers perform various dance moves while ____7____ (hold) the drum in their left hands and a mallet in their right hands. Traditional Chinese aesthetic (美学的) concepts are reflected in the drum playing, all of ____8____ represent distinctive local features.

In the past decades, efforts ____9____ (make) by Mentougou District to preserve this signature folk dance culture. Today, the time-honored folk art of the Jingxi Taiping Drum is being taken up by the young people ____10____ is presenting its lively artistic charm on a global stage.

维度3 主题阅读训练

Passage 1: 全题共 408 词，建议用时 8 分钟，实际用时_____分。

Once upon a time, in a low-income neighborhood, there was a preschooler named Timmy.

Timmy had a passion for helping others, even though he was only six years old. He noticed that his local park was always foggy and the playground equipment was in a state of disrepair.

Timmy believed every child should have a safe and clean place to play, so he decided to make a proposal to the local community leaders.

Timmy's proposal was simple but powerful. He suggested organizing a community event where everyone could take part in cleaning up the park and donate to buy new equipment.

Timmy believed that by working together, they could keep balance in their community and lead to a happier, healthier life for all the children.

Although Timmy was young, he was not afraid to turn to adults for help. He asked his mommy, teachers, and even local business owners to contribute to his cause. His idea was met with enthusiasm, and soon, the whole community was involved. They managed to prevent the park from falling further into disrepair and contributed to creating a beautiful, safe space for children to play.

By contrast, other neighborhoods did not have a Timmy to lead such an initiative. This story highlights the importance of taking action and how even the youngest among us can make a significant difference in the world. Timmy's efforts not only improved his local park but also showed how teamwork and passion can achieve great things.

1. What was the main problem in Timmy's neighborhood?

- A. The park was always sunny. B. The playground equipment was new.
C. There was too much noise. D. The playground equipment was old and unsafe.

2. What did Timmy propose to solve the problem?

- A. To leave the park as it was. B. To organize a community event to clean up the park.
C. To ask the government to fix everything. D. To play somewhere else.

3. Why did Timmy turn to adults for help?

- A. Because he needed someone to play with. B. Because he wanted to make friends.
C. Because he needed their support to make his proposal a reality.

D. Because he was afraid of the foggy park.

4. What does this story teach us?

A. That parks should always be foggy. B. That only adults can solve community problems.

C. That teamwork and passion are important to achieve goals.

D. That children should not play outside.

维度 5.完形填空

If you've never been to Moscow, you should go and see this fantastic city. There, you can 41 Russian culture first-hand, especially if you are a(n) 42 lover.

One of the many exciting parts 43 the famous Red Square that has a magical effect on all visitors to Moscow. From Red Square, you can see the most important 44 in the capital: the Kremlin, the State Historical Museum and of course, the Saint Basil's Cathedral with domes (穹顶) that look like a beautiful stone flower 45 by the architects of the 16th century.

Not many people realize that Red Square's 46 has nothing to do with Communism (共产主义) or Soviet Russia. The Old Russian word for “beautiful” and “red” was the 47 ; Red Square means “Beautiful Square.” All major streets in Moscow radiate (向周围伸展) from here, and Red Square is the 48 square of Moscow 49 the symbolic center of all Russia. Its history 50 the 1490s when a new red-brick Kremlin was built. Businessmen from all over the world came to 51 here and the square became a big market. On days of great festivals, there were many celebrations here, turning the 52 into an open-air gathering (聚集) place.

Moscow's tourists travel to the Red Square to 53 its beautiful architecture and history. Besides the square, there are so many places of 54 in this beautiful city. If you are visiting Europe, don't forget to see Red Square with your own 55 .

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| 41. A. remember | B. create | C. record | D. experience |
| 42. A. nature | B. festival | C. history | D. architecture |
| 43. A. means | B. finds | C. includes | D. requires |
| 44. A. buildings | B. streets | C. bricks | D. celebrations |
| 45. A. watered | B. planted | C. hidden | D. covered |
| 46. A. name | B. size | C. shape | D. future |
| 47. A. unknown | B. same | C. right | D. opposite |
| 48. A. public | B. main | C. central | D. only |
| 49. A. as far as | B. as soon as | C. as long as | D. as well as |
| 50. A. faces up to | B. looks forward to | C. gives way to | D. dates back to |
| 51. A. visit | B. trade | C. live | D. study |
| 52. A. museum | B. square | C. market | D. state |
| 53. A. accept | B. check | C. appreciate | D. miss |
| 54. A. interest | B. business | C. power | D. creativity |
| 55. A. car | B. friends | C. mind | D. eyes |